

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

in accordance with ISO 14025	
Owner of the declaration:	Borregaard AS
Program operator:	The Norwegian EPD Foundation
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Speciality cellulose

Borregaard AS

www.epd-norge.no



Owner of the declaration Product Speciality cellulose Borregaard AS Contact person: Hilde Fredheim +47 917 94 121 Phone: hilde.fredheim@borregaard.com e-mail: Address: Postboks 162, 1701 Sarpsborg **Program holder** Manufacturer The Norwegian EPD foundation Borregaard AS Pb. 5250 Majorstuen, 0303 Oslo, Norway Postboks 162 1701 Sarpsborg +47 69 11 80 00 Phone: +47 23 08 80 00 Phone: borregaard@borregaard.com e-mail: post@epd-norge.no e-mail: **Declaration number** Place of production: NEPD-2971-1657-EN Sarpsborg, Norway This declaration is based on Product Category Rules: Management system: ISO 9001 (Quality Management), ISO 14001 (Environmental Basic organic chemicals 2011:17 v. 2.11 (Environdec 2019) Management) and ISO 50001 (Energy Management) **Organisation no:** Statements: The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying 895623032 information and evidence. EPD Norway shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer, life cycle assessment data and evidences. Issue date 10.08.2021 Valid to 10.08.2026 **Declared unit:** Year of study: The declared unit is 1000 kg DM of speciality cellulose. 2019 Declared unit with option: **Comparability:** 1000 kg DM of speciality cellulose with transport to customers. may not be comparable. Functional unit: The EPD has been worked out by: Ingunn Saur Modahl Ellen Soldal Aguna Saurillalall Verification: Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025:2010

internal

General information

Third party verifier: Mie Vold, CSO, LCA.no AS (Independent verifier approved by EPD Norway)

external

EPDs from other programmes than Norwegian EPD Foundation



Approved

Håkon Hauan

Managing Director of EPD-Norway

Product

Product description:

Borregaard's high purity speciality cellulose is used to produce a wide range of cellulose derivatives, with end uses ranging from tile adhesives, cement mortars, paint, printing ink and filters to food, pharmaceutical and cosmetic products. The speciality cellulose is based on the natural and renewable raw material Norway spruce. The products are safe to handle and store, thus no classification is required with respect to categories of danger, symbol letters or risk phrases.

Product specification

Materials*	kg	%
Speciality cellulose	930 kg	93 %
Water	70 kg	7 %

*Here the product content is given on wet basis as sold to customers. However, the data and results in this EPD are given per ton dry matter (DM)

LCA: Calculation rules

Declared unit:

The declared unit is 1000 kg DM of speciality cellulose, including 6000 km of transport to customer (A4). Transportation to customer has been corrected to account for the burden of transporting water.

Technical data:

Dry matter (DM) content: 93%

Market: Global

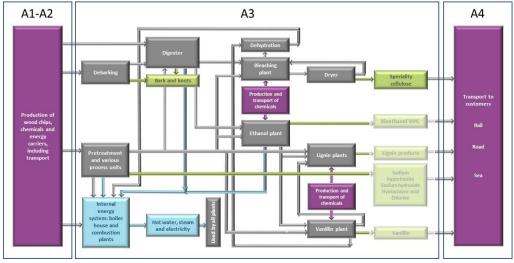
Reference service life: Not relevant

System boundary:

The system boundary includes the modules A1-A4, illustrated by the flowchart. A1-A4 includes extraction, transportation and processing of natural resources, manufacturing of the product and transportation of the product 6000 km by typical transportation modes.

Further description of system boundaries are described in Soldal & Modahl (2021) and Modahl & Soldal (2021).

Figure 1: Technical flow chart illustrating the life cycle stages included in the EPD.



Data quality:

Data on consumption of natural resources, energy carriers, and chemicals, and transport modes are site specific from Borregaard Sarpsborg in Norway. Foreground data refer to the year 2019. For the background data, representative data from ecoinvent version 3.6 is used (Wernet et al. 2016).

Cut-off criteria:

All major raw materials and all the essential energy is included. This cut-off rule does not apply for hazardous materials and substances. The energy mix used in steam production is averaged over seven years (2014-2020). This was done because the input of electricity and natural gas fluctuates between years depending on price. To get a representative annual value for energy in steam production, the input of electricity and natural gas was averaged over the 7-year period. In this period, the average share of electricity input in the steam boiler was 63%, while the average share of natural gas was 37%.

Allocation:

The allocation is made in accordance with the provisions of ISO 14025. Allocation has as far as possible, been avoided by modelling the processes at Borregaard on a detailed level. When allocation has been necessary, allocation based on mass (DM) has been used. In processes with hot water as an outflow and where the hot water is exploited in other processes, the energy content has been calculated into mass through use of the heat value for biological dry matter.

Deviations from the PCR:

This EPD deviates from the PCR regarding inclusion of energy used in office space. All energy consumption has been collected and reported collectively. The energy used in office spaces are assumed to be negligible compared to the energy used in production processes. Borregaard

The declared unit is 1000 kg DM without packaging.

LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information describe the scenarios in the different modules of the EPD.

Production takes place in Sarpsborg, Norway, and transport to customers is included. Transport from production place to customer is based on information from Borregaard regarding typical transport distance and transport modes.

Speciality cellulose is transported 6000 km. Speciality cellulose is transported on sea (55%), rail (5%) and road (40%). Transport distances have been corrected in order to include transport of water.

No scenario after A4 is included.

Туре	Capacity utilisation	Type of vehicle	Distance km	Fuel/Energy consumption	Value (l/t)
	(incl. return) %				
Truck	55%*	Lorry, 16-32 metric ton,		0.022	
	55%*	EURO5	2581	0,032 l/tkm	8,26E+01
Railway	50%*	Freight train	13	5,78E-04 l/tkm	7,47E-03
	50%	(electric and diesel)	310	8,61E-02 kWh/tkm	2,67E+01
Boat	70%*	Container ship	3548	2,00E-03 l/tkm	7,10E+00

*For the transport processes, average data from ecoinvent 3.6 is used and it is assumed the same average capasity load here.

LCA: Results

A1-A3 are the most influential life cycle stages in all impact categories compared to A4. A1-A3 contributes to between 56% and >99% of the total impacts. For climate change impact category, A1-A3 is responsible for 59% of the impacts of A1-A4 combined. Steam is used in several of the production steps for speciality cellulose and is the most important contributor to the climate impact of speciality cellulose. Sulfur used in the production is important for POCP and AP. Direct emissions from the production is important in the impact category EP.

Syste	System boundaries (X=included, MND=module not declared, MNR=module not relevant)															
Pro	oduct sta	age	Assem	Assembly stage Use stage End of life stage			Use stage				Beyond the system boundaries					
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling- potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	В4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
х	х	Х	х	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND

Environmental impact							
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A1-A4			
GWP	kg CO ₂ -eqv	5,66E+02	3,87E+02	9,53E+02			
ODP	kg CFC11-eqv	1,37E-04	7,10E-05	2,08E-04			
POCP	kg C ₂ H ₄ -eqv	2,09E-01	5,69E-02	2,66E-01			
AP	kg SO ₂ -eqv	4,36E+00	1,82E+00	6,17E+00			
EP	kg PO4 ³⁻ -eqv	2,18E+00	2,58E-01	2,43E+00			
ADPM	kg Sb-eqv	4,73E-03	2,28E-05	4,76E-03			
ADPE	MJ	7,06E+03	5,46E+03	1,25E+04			

GWP Global warming potential; ODP Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; POCP Formation potential of tropospheric photochemical oxidants; AP Acidification potential of land and water; EP Eutrophication potential; ADPM Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPE Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

Resource use							
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A1-A4			
RPEE	MJ	1,53E+04	1,04E+02	1,54E+04			
RPEM	MJ	1,91E+04	0,00E+00	1,91E+04			
TPE	MJ	3,45E+04	1,04E+02	3,46E+04			
NRPE	MJ	8,85E+03	5,51E+03	1,44E+04			
NRPM	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00			
TRPE	MJ	8,85E+03	5,51E+03	1,44E+04			
SM	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00			
RSF	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00			
NRSF	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00			
W	m³	6,55E+01	3,59E-01	6,58E+01			

RPEE Renewable primary energy resources used as energy carrier; RPEM Renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; TPE Total use of renewable primary energy resources; NRPE Non renewable primary energy resources used as energy carrier; NRPM Non renewable primary energy resources used as materials; TRPE Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM Use of secondary materials; RSF Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF Use of non renewable of net fresh water

End of life - Waste							
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A1-A4			
HW	kg	6,19E-02	1,36E-02	7,55E-02			
NHW	kg	1,63E+02	2,23E+00	1,65E+02			
RW	kg	2,92E-02	4,02E-02	6,94E-02			

HW Hazardous waste disposed; NHW Non hazardous waste disposed; RW Radioactive waste disposed

End of life - Output flow								
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A1-A4				
CR	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00				
MR	kg	3,69E-02	0,00E+00	3,69E-02				
MER	kg	6,61E+00	0,00E+00	6,61E+00				
EEE	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00				
ETE	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00				

CR Components for reuse; MR Materials for recycling; MER Materials for energy recovery; EEE Exported electric energy; ETE Exported thermal energy

Reading example: 9.0 E-03 = 9.0*10-3 = 0.009

Additional environmental information

Borregaard uses Norway spruce harvested in Norway (approx. 78%), Sweden (approx. 20%) and Germany (approx. 2%). All timber purchased is harvested according to the country of origin regulations of harvest, forest management and biological diversity (PEFC Chain of custody certificate SA-PEFC/COC-006557, FSC Chain of custody certificate SA-COC-006557). All timber harvested in Norway is certified according to the PEFC standard.

Additional Norwegian requirements

Greenhous gas emission from the use of electricity in the manufacturing phase

National production mix from import, low voltage (production of transmission lines, in addition to direct emissions and losses in grid) of applied electricity for the manufacturing prosess (A3).

Data source	Amount	Unit
Econinvent v3.6 (September 2019)	23,3	g CO ₂ -eqv/kWh

Dangerous substances

- The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list
- The product contains substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list that are less than 0,1 % by weight.
- The product contain dangerous substances, more then 0,1% by weight, given by the REACH Candidate List or the Norwegian Priority list, see table.
- The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list. The product is classified as hazardous waste (Avfallsforskiften, Annex III), see table.

Indoor environment

No tests have been carried out on the product concerning indoor climate.

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