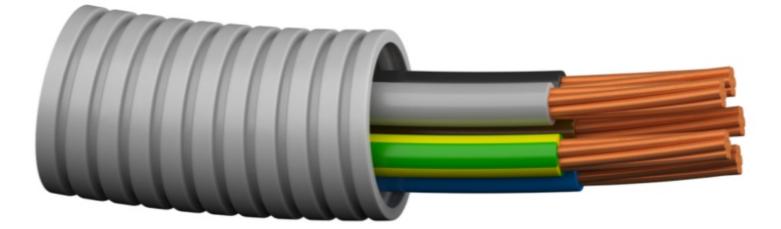


# Environmental product declaration

in accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2

# FLEXRÖR Pure E Path 16/FQ 5G2,5mm<sup>2</sup>





The Norwegian EPD Foundation

**Owner of the declaration:** Prysmian Group Sverige AB

**Product:** FLEXRÖR Pure E Path 16/FQ 5G2,5mm<sup>2</sup>

**Declared unit:** 1 m

**This declaration is based on Product Category Rules:** CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as core PCR NPCR 027:2020 Part B for Electrical cables and wires **Program operator:** The Norwegian EPD Foundation

**Declaration number:** 

NEPD-5590-4890-EN

**Registration number:** 

NEPD-5590-4890-EN

Issue date: 13.12.2023

Valid to: 13.12.2028

ver-131224

EPD software: LCAno EPD generator ID: 84150



# **General information**

#### Product

FLEXRÖR Pure E Path 16/FQ 5G2,5mm<sup>2</sup>

#### Program operator:

The Norwegian EPD Foundation Post Box 5250 Majorstuen, 0303 Oslo, Norway Phone: +47 977 22 020 web: www.epd-norge.no

#### **Declaration number:**

NEPD-5590-4890-EN

#### This declaration is based on Product Category Rules:

CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as core PCR NPCR 027:2020 Part B for Electrical cables and wires

#### **Statement of liability:**

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence. EPD Norway shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

#### Declared unit:

1 m FLEXRÖR Pure E Path 16/FQ 5G2,5mm<sup>2</sup>

#### Declared unit with option:

A1,A2,A3,A4,A5,C1,C2,C3,C4,D

#### **Functional unit:**

1 m of FLEXRÖR Pure E Path 16/FQ 5G2,5mm<sup>2</sup> electrical cable, installed open or piped in indoor installations, with a reference service life of 30 years.

#### General information on verification of EPD from EPD tools:

Independent verification of data, other environmental information and the declaration according to ISO 14025:2010, § 8.1.3 and § 8.1.4. Verification of each EPD is made according to EPD-Norway's guidelines for verification and approval requiring that tools are i) integrated into the company's environmental management system, ii) the procedures for use of the EPD tool are approved by EPD-Norway, and iii) the process is reviewed annually by an independent third party verifier. See Appendix G of EPD-Norway's General Programme Instructions for further information on EPD tools

#### Verification of EPD tool:

Independent third party verification of the EPD tool, background data and test-EPD in accordance with EPDNorway's procedures and guidelines for verification and approval of EPD tools. Approval number: NEPDT32.

Third party verifier:

Vito D'Incognito, Take Care International

(no signature required)

#### Owner of the declaration:

Prysmian Group Sverige AB Contact person: Anders Sjöland Phone: +46 706128204 e-mail: anders.sjoland@prysmiangroup.com

#### Manufacturer:

Prysmian Group Sverige AB Vallgatan 5 571 41 Nässjö, Sweden

#### Place of production:

Prysmian Group production site Emmen (Netherlands) Abel Tasmanstraat 1 7821 AN Emmen, Netherlands

#### Management system:

ISO 9001, ISO 14001, ISO 45001

#### **Organisation no:**

556556-2104

#### Issue date:

13.12.2023

Valid to:

13.12.2028

#### Year of study:

2022

#### **Comparability:**

EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they not comply with EN 15804 and seen in a building context.

#### Development and verification of EPD:

The declaration is created using EPD tool lca.tools ver EPD2022.03, developed by LCA.no. The EPD tool is integrated in the company's management system, and has been approved by EPD Norway. Approval number: NEPDT33

Developer of EPD: Siri Andersen

Reviewer of company-specific input data and EPD: Kristoffer Berglund

**Approved:** 

Håkon Hauan Managing Director of EPD-Norway



# Product

#### **Product description:**

Flex pipes in halogen-free PP (Polypropylene) with Draka's quality cable FQ Pure.

To reduce the product's carbon footprint, the cable consists of 36% recycled copper. The cable meets CPR class Dca s2d2a1. Approved for casting, stiffness class 750 N and with impact resistance up to 2 kg. UV and ozone resistant, which provides a long service life.

The cable inside is like Draka's other high-quality cables and is easy to work with.

#### **Product specification**

Conductor material Copper Conductor surface Bare Core insulation material Low smoke zero halogen polymer Tube material Halogen-free PP Twisted cores No

Materials	kg	%			
HFFR Polyolefin	0,06	25,18			
Plastic - Polyethylene	0,00	0, 14			
Plastic - Polypropylene (PP)	0,07	29,44			
Metal - Copper	0,10	45,24			
Total	0,23	100,00			

#### Technical data:

FLEXRÖR Pure E Path 16/FQ 5G2,5mm<sup>2</sup> SAP code: 20418227 External article code: 1419807

SS-EN 50525-3-31 Construction standard

Reaction-to-fire class (acc. EN 13501-6) Dca Smoke development class (acc. EN 13501-6) s2 Euro class flaming droplets/particles (acc. EN 13501-6) d2 Euro class acidity (acc. EN 13501-6) a1

#### Market:

Sweden

#### **Reference service life, product**

30 years. Standard lifetime for residential/tertiary/industrial building applications, provided in appendix 1 of PSR for wires, cables, and accessories of PEP Ecopassport.

#### Reference service life, building or construction works

30 years. Estimation made to match the product service life and keep the EPD environmental impact calculations at the product level.

#### **LCA: Calculation rules**

#### **Declared unit:**

1 m FLEXRÖR Pure E Path 16/FQ 5G2,5mm<sup>2</sup>

#### Cut-off criteria:

All major raw materials and all the essential energy is included. The production processes for raw materials and energy flows with very small amounts (less than 1%) are not included. These cut-off criteria do not apply for hazardous materials and substances.

#### **Allocation:**

The allocation is made in accordance with the provisions of EN 15804. Incoming energy and water and waste production in-house is allocated equally among all products through mass allocation. Effects of primary production of recycled materials is allocated to the main product in which the material was used. The recycling process and transportation of the material is allocated to this analysis.

#### Data quality:

Specific data for the product composition are provided by the manufacturer. The data represent the production of the declared product and were collected for EPD development in the year of study. Background data is based on EPDs according to EN 15804 and different LCA databases. The data quality of the raw materials in A1 is presented in the table below.



Materials	Source	Data quality	Year
HFFR Polyolefin	ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019
Metal - Copper	Modified ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019
Plastic - Polyethylene	ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019
Plastic - Polypropylene (PP)	ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019

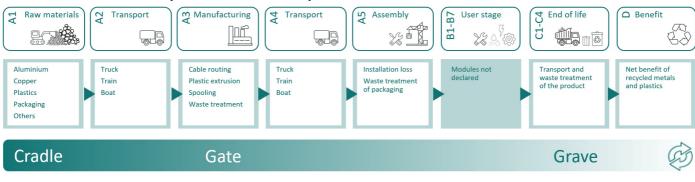


# System boundaries (X=included, MND=module not declared, MNR=module not relevant)

F	Product stag	ge	Constr installati			Use stage				End of life stage				Beyond the system boundaries		
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De- construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery- Recycling-potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

#### System boundary:

The flowchart below illustrates the system boundaries of the analysis:



Additional technical information:



## LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information describe the scenarios in the different modules of the EPD.

Module A4 = An average distance between the factory in Emmen and the Swedish market is considered.

Installation (A5) and removal (C1) is assumed to be done with other products such as piping systems and should be assessed at a contruction works level.

For B1-B7 the default environmental impact and resource indicators in the EPD are assumed to be zero.

In C2, a distance of 300 km has been added as average transport to nearest waste treatment facilities.

In C3, datasets are developed for the recycling of metals and plastics and for the incinerations of plastic fractions (including energy recovery and fly ash extraction). All other minor raw materials in the product are assumed to be incinerated. Net benefit of material recycling and energy recovery are given in module D.

Transport from production place to user (A4)	Capacity utilisation (incl. return) %	Distance (km)	Fuel/Energy Consumption	Unit	Value (Liter/tonne)
Truck, over 32 tonnes, EURO 5 (km)	53,3 %	1500	0,023	l/tkm	34,50
Assembly (A5)	Unit	Value			
Product loss during installation (percentage of cable)	Units/DU	0,02			
Transport to waste processing (C2)	Capacity utilisation (incl. return) %	Distance (km)	Fuel/Energy Consumption	Unit	Value (Liter/tonne)
Truck, 16-32 tonnes, EURO 5 (km)	36,7 %	300	0,044	l/tkm	13,20
Waste processing (C3)	Unit	Value			
Waste treatment of plastic mixture, incineration with energy recovery and fly ash extraction (kg)	kg	0,02			
Copper to recycling (kg)	kg	0,06			
Polypropylene (PP) to recycling (kg)	kg	0,01			
Waste treatment of polypropylene (PP), incineration with energy recovery and fly ash extraction (kg)	kg	0,03			
Waste treatment of polyethylene (PE), incineration with energy recovery and fly ash extraction (kg)	kg	0,00			
Disposal (C4)	Unit	Value			
Landfilling of plastic mixture (kg)	kg	0,04			
Landfilling of ashes from incineration of Plastic mixture, process per kg ashes and residues (kg)	kg	0,00			
Landfilling of copper (kg)	kg	0,04			
Landfilling of ashes from incineration of Polypropylene (PP), process per kg ashes and residues (kg)	kg	0,00			
Landfilling of ashes from incineration of Polyethylene (PE), process per kg ashes and residues (kg)	kg	0,00			
Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries (D)	Unit	Value			
Substitution of electricity (MJ)	MJ	0,07			
Substitution of thermal energy, district heating (MJ)	MJ	1,07			
Substitution of primary copper with net scrap (kg)	kg	0,02			
Substitution of Polypropylene, PP granulate (kg)	kg	0,01			



# LCA: Results

The LCA results are presented below for the declared unit defined on page 2 of the EPD document.

Envir	Environmental impact											
	Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
P	GWP-total	kg CO <sub>2</sub> - eq	6,50E-01	4,92E-03	5,41E-02	3,12E-02	1,73E-02	0	1,15E-02	1,10E-01	5,71E-03	-9,25E-02
P	GWP-fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> - eq	6,45E-01	4,91E-03	5,24E-02	3,12E-02	1,72E-02	0	1,14E-02	1,10E-01	5,71E-03	-9,18E-02
P	GWP-biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> - eq	4,04E-03	2,02E-06	1,65E-03	1,28E-05	1,14E-04	0	4,67E-06	1,46E-06	4,77E-07	-4,07E-04
P	GWP-luluc	kg CO <sub>2</sub> - eq	6,77E-04	1,44E-06	8,60E-05	9,11E-06	1,56E-05	0	4,00E-06	2,53E-07	3,37E-07	-2,83E-04
Ò	ODP	kg CFC11 - eq	3,76E-08	1,14E-09	4,50E-09	7,21E-09	1,07E-09	0	2,61E-09	1,43E-10	3,09E-10	-4,52E-04
	AP	mol H+ -eq	3,83E-02	2,06E-05	2,26E-04	1,31E-04	7,76E-04	0	4,68E-05	1,77E-05	8,22E-06	-1,01E-02
	EP-FreshWater	kg P -eq	3,26E-04	3,75E-08	3,93E-06	2,38E-07	6,60E-06	0	8,99E-08	1,37E-08	1,60E-08	-6,81E-05
	EP-Marine	kg N -eq	1,61E-03	6,21E-06	3,34E-05	3,94E-05	3,44E-05	0	1,39E-05	8,46E-06	8,21E-06	-4,41E-04
	EP-Terrestial	mol N - eq	2,33E-02	6,86E-05	3,77E-04	4,36E-04	4,90E-04	0	1,53E-04	8,91E-05	3,29E-05	-6,70E-03
	РОСР	kg NMVOC -eq	7,08E-03	2,21E-05	9,84E-05	1,40E-04	1,48E-04	0	4,70E-05	2,15E-05	1,04E-05	-1,86E-03
-	ADP- minerals&metals <sup>1</sup>	kg Sb- eq	1,12E-04	8,46E-08	2,81E-07	5,33E-07	2,27E-06	0	3,10E-07	7,02E-09	8,14E-09	-5,61E-05
B	ADP-fossil <sup>1</sup>	MJ	1,19E+01	7,64E-02	9,05E-01	4,85E-01	2,71E-01	0	1,73E-01	1,03E-02	2,43E-02	-1,57E+00
<b>%</b>	WDP <sup>1</sup>	m <sup>3</sup>	2,10E+01	5,88E-02	1,14E+01	3,72E-01	6,70E-01	0	1,65E-01	5,15E-02	4,46E-01	1,37E+00

GWP-total = Global Warming Potential total; GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment: EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0\*10-3 = 0,009" \*INA Indicator Not Assessed

1. The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator

#### **Remarks to environmental impacts**



Addi	tional e	nvironmental i	mpact indi	cators								
Ind	icator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	PM	Disease incidence	8,20E-08	4,31E-10	6,48E-10	2,75E-09	1,74E-09	0	8,24E-10	8,00E-11	1,51E-10	-2,38E-08
	IRP <sup>2</sup>	kgBq U235 -eq	2,56E-02	3,34E-04	6,68E-03	2,12E-03	7,13E-04	0	7,54E-04	2,23E-05	1,43E-04	-1,69E-03
	ETP-fw <sup>1</sup>	CTUe	3,12E+02	5,59E-02	5,77E-01	3,55E-01	6,79E+00	0	1,27E-01	1,00E-01	2,57E+01	-9,23E+01
40.** 40.**	HTP-c <sup>1</sup>	CTUh	6,31E-09	0,00E+00	1,90E-11	0,00E+00	1,27E-10	0	0,00E+00	4,00E-12	1,00E-12	-1,31E-09
48 00	HTP-nc <sup>1</sup>	CTUh	5,22E-07	5,30E-11	5,88E-10	3,43E-10	1,05E-08	0	1,37E-10	1,66E-10	3,00E-11	-1,12E-07
Ò	SQP <sup>1</sup>	dimensionless	5,91E+00	8,71E-02	1,92E-01	5,57E-01	1,39E-01	0	1,19E-01	1,62E-03	6,36E-02	-1,78E+00

PM = Particulate Matter emissions; IRP = Ionizing radiation – human health; ETP-fw = Eco toxicity – freshwater; HTP-c = Human toxicity – cancer effects; HTP-nc = Human toxicity – non cancer effects; SQP = Potential Soil Quality Index (dimensionless)

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0\*10-3 = 0,009" \*INA Indicator Not Assessed

1. The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator

2. This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.



Resource	e use											
	licator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
i i	PERE	MJ	1,33E+00	9,63E-04	1,47E-01	6,11E-03	2,97E-02	0	2,43E-03	4,56E-04	2,41E-03	-7,74E-01
A	PERM	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
° <b>₹</b> s	PERT	MJ	1,33E+00	9,63E-04	1,47E-01	6,11E-03	2,97E-02	0	2,43E-03	4,56E-04	2,41E-03	-7,74E-01
Ð	PENRE	MJ	8,95E+00	7,64E-02	9,06E-01	4,85E-01	2,13E-01	0	1,73E-01	1,03E-02	2,43E-02	-1,17E+00
.Åe	PENRM	MJ	3,12E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,36E-03	0	0,00E+00	-2,71E+00	0,00E+00	-4,33E-01
IA	PENRT	MJ	1,21E+01	7,64E-02	9,06E-01	4,85E-01	2,21E-01	0	1,73E-01	-2,70E+00	2,43E-02	-1,61E+00
	SM	kg	3,87E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,78E-04	0	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,12E-04	1,74E-02
2	RSF	MJ	9,60E-03	3,37E-05	1,06E-02	2,14E-04	4,13E-04	0	8,71E-05	1,06E-05	5,02E-05	8,15E-04
Ū.	NRSF	MJ	1,87E-03	1,13E-04	2,65E-03	7,16E-04	1,15E-04	0	3,11E-04	0,00E+00	9,64E-05	-2,90E-02
6	FW	m <sup>3</sup>	2,55E-02	8,69E-06	7,72E-04	5,52E-05	5,28E-04	0	1,82E-05	6,06E-05	3,11E-05	-2,39E-03

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources; SENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy resources; SENRE = Use of secondary materials; PENRT = Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary materials; RSF = Use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary materials; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0\*10-3 = 0,009" \*INA Indicator Not Assessed



End of lif	fe - Waste											
Ind	icator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	HWD	kg	5,12E-03	4,18E-06	3,13E-03	2,66E-05	2,11E-04	0	8,80E-06	0,00E+00	2,25E-03	-6,92E-04
Ū	NHWD	kg	1,50E-01	6,60E-03	5,32E-03	4,22E-02	5,99E-03	0	8,25E-03	0,00E+00	8,69E-02	-3,15E-02
R	RWD	kg	2,23E-05	5,21E-07	5,51E-06	3,31E-06	6,60E-07	0	1,18E-06	0,00E+00	1,66E-07	-1,46E-06

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0\*10-3 = 0,009" \*INA Indicator Not Assessed

End of life	nd of life - Output flow													
Indica	ator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
Ø۵	CRU	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00		
\$\$D	MFR	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,80E-04	0,00E+00	1,52E-03	0	0,00E+00	7,56E-02	4,37E-06	-6,87E-04		
DF	MER	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,34E-07	0,00E+00	8,88E-04	0	0,00E+00	4,44E-02	5,33E-06	-1,21E-04		
5D	EEE	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,17E-03	0,00E+00	1,56E-03	0	0,00E+00	7,08E-02	5,28E-05	-2,75E-04		
DJ	EET	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,08E-01	0,00E+00	2,36E-02	0	0,00E+00	1,07E+00	7,98E-04	-4,16E-03		

CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported energy electrical; EET = Exported energy thermal

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0\*10-3 = 0,009" \*INA Indicator Not Assessed

Biogenic Carbon Content											
Indicator	Unit	At the factory gate									
Biogenic carbon content in product	kg C	0,00E+00									
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	kg C	0,00E+00									

Note: 1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg CO2



## **Additional requirements**

#### Greenhouse gas emissions from the use of electricity in the manufacturing phase

National production mix from import, low voltage (production of transmission lines, in addition to direct emissions and losses in grid) of applied electricity for the manufacturing process (A3).

Electricity mix	Source	Amount	Unit
Electricity, European average (kWh)	ecoinvent 3.6	428,03	g CO2-eq/kWh

#### **Dangerous substances**

The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list.

#### Indoor environment

#### **Additional Environmental Information**

Additional e	Additional environmental impact indicators required in NPCR Part A for construction products											
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
GWPIOBC	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eq	6,41E-01	4,92E-03	5,52E-02	3,12E-02	1,71E-02	0	1,14E-02	1,10E-01	3,91E-03	-5,92E-02	

GWP-IOBC: Global warming potential calculated according to the principle of instantaneous oxidation. In order to increase the transparency of biogenic carbon contribution to climate impact, the indicator GWP-IOBC is required as it declares climate impacts calculated according to the principle of instantaneous oxidation. GWP-IOBC is also referred to as GWP-GHG in context to Swedish public procurement legislation.



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