



Environmental product declaration

in accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2

Protecta FR Acrylic (plastic cartridge) for Sweden





The Norwegian EPD Foundation

Owner of the declaration:

Polyseam AS

Product:

Protecta FR Acrylic (plastic cartridge) for Sweden

Declared unit:

1 kg

This declaration is based on Product Category Rules:

CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as core PCR

NPCR 009:2021 Part B for Technical - Chemical products for building and construction industry

Program operator:

The Norwegian EPD Foundation

Declaration number:

NEPD-6694-5944-EN

Registration number:

NEPD-6694-5944-EN

Issue date: 27.05.2024

Valid to: 27.05.2029

EPD software:

LCAno EPD generator ID: 362011



General information

Product

Protecta FR Acrylic (plastic cartridge) for Sweden

Program operator:

The Norwegian EPD Foundation
Post Box 5250 Majorstuen, 0303 Oslo, Norway

Phone: +47 977 22 020 web: www.epd-norge.no

Declaration number:

NEPD-6694-5944-EN

This declaration is based on Product Category Rules:

CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as core PCR NPCR 009:2021 Part B for Technical - Chemical products for building and construction industry

Statement of liability:

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence. EPD Norway shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

Declared unit:

1 kg Protecta FR Acrylic (plastic cartridge) for Sweden

Declared unit with option:

A1,A2,A3,A4,A5

Functional unit:

General information on verification of EPD from EPD tools:

Independent verification of data, other environmental information and the declaration according to ISO 14025:2010, § 8.1.3 and § 8.1.4. Verification of each EPD is made according to EPD-Norway's guidelines for verification and approval requiring that tools are i) integrated into the company's environmental management system, ii) the procedures for use of the EPD tool are approved by EPD-Norway, and iii) the process is reviewed annually by an independent third party verifier. See Appendix G of EPD-Norway's General Programme Instructions for further information on EPD tools

Verification of EPD tool:

Independent third party verification of the EPD tool, background data and test-EPD in accordance with EPDNorway's procedures and guidelines for verification and approval of EPD tools. NEPDT73

Third party verifier:

Linda Høibye, Life Cycle Assessment Consulting

(no signature required)

Owner of the declaration:

Polyseam AS Contact person: Andrea Bogstad Phone: +47 33 30 67 00 e-mail: post.no@polyseam.com

Manufacturer:

Polyseam Ltd

Place of production:

Polyseam Ltd St Andrews Road 15 HD1 6SB Huddersfield, West Yorkshire, United Kingdom

Management system:

ISO 9001, ISO 14001

Organisation no:

986 426 051

Issue date:

27.05.2024

Valid to:

27.05.2029

Year of study:

2022

Comparability:

EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they not comply with EN 15804 and seen in a building context.

Development and verification of EPD:

The declaration is created using EPD tool lca.tools ver EPD2022.03, developed by LCA.no. The EPD tool is integrated in the company's management system, and has been approved by EPD Norway.

Developer of EPD: Andrea Bogstad

Reviewer of company-specific input data and EPD: Jørn Davidsen

Approved:

Håkon Hauan

Managing Director of EPD-Norway



Product

Product description:

Protecta FR Acrylic is a fire rated sealant designed to prevent the spread of fire and smoke through joints and openings in fire rated walls and floors, including openings formed around building service penetrations. FR Acrylic will also maintain the acoustic design performance, with a working life of up to 30 years.

When subjected to atmospheric conditions, the fire rated sealant cures but it will retain a degree of elasticity for joint movement. Under fire exposure, FR Acrylic creates a robust fire seal by the formation of a durable intumescent char.

FR Acrylic can be used with a suitable filling material in order to secure the correct width to depth ratio and to reduce the shrinking of the sealant during curing. Thermal activation takes place at approximately 180 degrees when the material with expand and prevent the passage of fire and smoke for periods up to and beyond 4 hours.

Product specification

| Materials | Value | Unit |
|-----------------------|--------|------|
| MATERIALS | | |
| Pigments | 0-1 | % |
| Binder | 30-40 | % |
| Preservative | 0,03 | % |
| Chemical | 1-10 | % |
| Mineral | 55-80 | % |
| Solvent | 0-1,25 | % |
| PACKAGING | | |
| Packaging - Cardboard | 0,02 | kg |
| Packaging - Plastic | 0,08 | kg |
| Packaging - Wood | 0,03 | kg |

Technical data:

The product has third-party verified ETAs issued in accordance with regulation (EU) No 305/2011 on the basis of EAD 350454-00-1104, tested to EN 1366-3, -4 & -12 in conjunction with EN 1363-1. The product is CE-marked for Europe.

For more information, please see https://www.protecta.co.uk/sv/product/fr-acrylic/

Market:

Sweden.

Reference service life, product

The reference service life of the product depends on its application area.

Reference service life, building

60 years.

LCA: Calculation rules

Declared unit:

1 kg Protecta FR Acrylic (plastic cartridge) for Sweden

Cut-off criteria:

All major raw materials and all the essential energy is included. The production processes for raw materials and energy flows with very small amounts (less than 1%) are not included. These cut-off criteria do not apply for hazardous materials and substances.

Allocation:

The allocation is made in accordance with the provisions of EN 15804. Incoming energy and water and waste production in-house is allocated equally among all products through mass allocation. Effects of primary production of recycled materials is allocated to the main product in which the material was used. The recycling process and transportation of the material is allocated to this analysis.

Data quality:

Specific data for the product composition are provided by the manufacturer. The data represent the production of the declared product and were collected for EPD development in the year of study. Background data is based on EPDs according to EN 15804 and different LCA databases. The data quality of the raw materials in A1 is presented in the table below.



| Materials | Source | Data quality | Year |
|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------|------|
| Binder | ecoinvent 3.6 | Database | 2019 |
| Binder | Modified ecoinvent 3.6 | Database | 2019 |
| Chemical | ecoinvent 3.6 | Database | 2019 |
| Chemical | Modified ecoinvent 3.6 | Database | 2019 |
| Mineral | ecoinvent 3.6 | Database | 2019 |
| Packaging - Cardboard | Modified ecoinvent 3.6 | Database | 2019 |
| Packaging - Plastic | ecoinvent 3.6 | Database | 2019 |
| Packaging - Wood | Modified ecoinvent 3.6 | Database | 2019 |
| Pigments | ecoinvent 3.6 | Database | 2019 |
| Preservative | ecoinvent 3.6 | Database | 2019 |
| Solvent | ecoinvent 3.6 | Database | 2019 |



System boundaries (X=included, MND=module not declared, MNR=module not relevant)

| P | roduct stag | ge | | uction on stage | | Use stage End o | | | End of I | ife stage | | Beyond the system boundaries | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|--------------------|-----|-----------------|--------|-------------|---------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|----------|---|
| Raw materials | Transport | Manufacturing | Transport | Assembly | Use | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational energy use | Operational water use | De- construction demolition | Transport | Waste processing | Disposal | Reu se-Recovery- Recycling-potential |
| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | В3 | B4 | В5 | В6 | В7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| Χ | Х | X | X | X | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND |

System boundary:

The life cycle analysis is a cradle-to-gate (A1 - A3) study, with options A4 and A5 for transport to the market and installation, respectively. It includes the extraction and production of raw materials and packaging, transportation to the manufacturing site, the production process itself, transport to the construction site, and waste management during product installation.

A4: Transport from the factory in England to Sweden is included. Additionally, 300 km of transport from our warehouse to the construction site is accounted for, in accordance with the PCR.

A5: Manual installation is considered, without the use of electricity. A 3% material waste during installation is included. Emissions of VOCs during installation are also accounted for. All packaging is sent to average waste management.



Additional technical information:

Protecta FR Acrylic can be removed with a knife/scraper and disposed of at an approved waste facility.

Polyseam's factory is certified according to the ISO 14001 Environmental Management Systems (EMS). It provides a framework for organisations to design and implement an EMS, and continually improve their environmental performance.

Learn more: https://www.polyseam.com/sustainability/



LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information describe the scenarios in the different modules of the EPD.

| Transport from production place to user (A4) | Capacity utilisation (incl. return) % | Distance (km) | Fuel/Energy Consumption | Unit | Value (Liter/tonne) |
|--|--|---------------|-------------------------|-------|------------------------|
| Ship, Ferry, Sea (km) | 50,0 % | 1322 | 0,034 | l/tkm | 44,95 |
| Truck, 16-32 tonnes, EURO 6 (km) - Europe | 36,7 % | 457 | 0,043 | l/tkm | 19,65 |
| Truck, 16-32 tonnes, EURO 6 (km) - Europe | 36,7 % | 300 | 0,043 | l/tkm | 12,90 |
| Truck, 16-32 tonnes, EURO 6 (km) - Europe | 36,7 % | 138 | 0,043 | l/tkm | 5,93 |

| Assembly (A5) | Unit | Value | | |
|--|----------|-------|--|--|
| Material loss during instalation (kg) | Units/DU | 0,03 | | |
| Volatile organic compounds (VOCs) to air (kg) | kg/DU | 0,00 | | |
| Waste treatment of material lost during instalation (kg) | kg/DU | 0,03 | | |
| Waste, packaging, cardboard, to average treatment (kg) | kg | 0,02 | | |
| Waste, packaging, pallet, EUR wooden pallet, reusable, to average treatment (kg) | kg | 0,03 | | |
| Waste, packaging, Plastic cartridges, HDPE, to average treatment (kg) | kg | 0,08 | | |
| Waste, packaging, plastic film (LDPE), to average treatment (kg) | kg | 0,00 | | |



LCA: Results

The LCA results are presented below for the declared unit defined on page 2 of the EPD document.

| Environme | ntal impact | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Indicator | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 |
| | GWP-total | kg CO ₂ -eq | 1,59E+00 | 6,17E-02 | 5,40E-02 | 3,29E-01 | 1,41E-01 |
| | GWP-fossil | kg CO ₂ -eq | 1,67E+00 | 6,16E-02 | 5,23E-02 | 3,29E-01 | 5,23E-02 |
| | GWP-biogenic | kg CO ₂ -eq | -8,36E-02 | 3,23E-05 | 1,68E-03 | 1,11E-04 | 8,83E-02 |
| | GWP-luluc | kg CO ₂ -eq | 9,95E-04 | 5,46E-05 | 5,97E-05 | 1,61E-04 | 2,65E-05 |
| ٨ | ODP | kg CFC11 -eq | 1,30E-07 | 1,25E-08 | 4,67E-09 | 7,01E-08 | 4,35E-09 |
| Œ | AP | mol H+ -eq | 7,19E-03 | 8,62E-04 | 1,83E-04 | 5,84E-03 | 6,96E-05 |
| | EP-FreshWater | kg P -eq | 4,98E-05 | 5,40E-07 | 1,34E-06 | 1,94E-06 | 8,82E-07 |
| | EP-Marine | kg N -eq | 1,10E-03 | 2,54E-04 | 3,70E-05 | 1,43E-03 | 2,01E-05 |
| | EP-Terrestial | mol N -eq | 1,38E-02 | 2,82E-03 | 4,03E-04 | 1,59E-02 | 1,76E-04 |
| | POCP | kg NMVOC -eq | 5,70E-03 | 7,49E-04 | 1,05E-04 | 4,25E-03 | 6,43E-04 |
| | ADP-minerals&metals ¹ | kg Sb-eq | 3,40E-05 | 7,38E-07 | 6,49E-07 | 5,65E-06 | 1,78E-07 |
| | ADP-fossil ¹ | МЈ | 3,59E+01 | 8,60E-01 | 1,07E+00 | 4,59E+00 | 1,98E-01 |
| <u>%</u> | WDP ¹ | m ³ | 6,38E+01 | 8,33E-01 | 4,62E+00 | 2,82E+00 | 7,51E-01 |

GWP-total = Global Warming Potential total; GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment: EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption

Remarks to environmental impacts

[&]quot;Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009"

^{*}INA Indicator Not Assessed

^{1.} The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator



| Additional env | Additional environmental impact indicators | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|--|--|
| | Indicator | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | | | |
| | PM | Disease incidence | 5,65E-08 | 3,03E-09 | 7,27E-10 | 1,46E-08 | 1,10E-09 | | | |
| | IRP ² | kgBq U235 -eq | 5,15E-02 | 3,81E-03 | 1,72E-02 | 1,99E-02 | 8,33E-04 | | | |
| 42 | ETP-fw ¹ | CTUe | 2,62E+01 | 6,05E-01 | 7,72E-01 | 3,04E+00 | 7,59E-01 | | | |
| 40.* *** <u>\$</u> | HTP-c ¹ | CTUh | 1,72E-09 | 0,00E+00 | 1,90E-11 | 0,00E+00 | 4,10E-11 | | | |
| 48° B | HTP-nc ¹ | CTUh | 2,07E-08 | 4,55E-10 | 6,56E-10 | 3,51E-09 | 4,47E-10 | | | |
| | SQP ¹ | dimensionless | 9,58E+00 | 6,41E-01 | 8,97E-01 | 2,01E+00 | 1,75E-01 | | | |

PM = Particulate Matter emissions; IRP = Ionizing radiation – human health; ETP-fw = Eco toxicity – freshwater; HTP-c = Human toxicity – cancer effects; HTP-nc = Human toxicity – non cancer effects; SQP = Potential Soil Quality Index (dimensionless)

[&]quot;Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009" *INA Indicator Not Assessed

^{1.} The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the

^{2.} This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.



| Resource use | Resource use | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | Indicator | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | | | |
| (E) | PERE | MJ | 1,91E+00 | 1,40E-02 | 2,94E-01 | 4,89E-02 | 3,32E-02 | | | |
| | PERM | MJ | 8,17E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | -8,17E-01 | | | |
| | PERT | MJ | 2,72E+00 | 1,40E-02 | 2,94E-01 | 4,89E-02 | -7,83E-01 | | | |
| | PENRE | MJ | 3,28E+01 | 8,61E-01 | 1,07E+00 | 4,59E+00 | 1,98E-01 | | | |
| | PENRM | MJ | 3,20E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | -3,20E+00 | | | |
| IA | PENRT | MJ | 3,61E+01 | 8,61E-01 | 1,07E+00 | 4,59E+00 | -3,00E+00 | | | |
| | SM | kg | 2,45E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | | | |
| 2 | RSF | MJ | 3,93E-02 | 6,92E-04 | 4,26E-04 | 1,61E-03 | 5,82E-04 | | | |
| | NRSF | MJ | 9,05E-03 | 1,57E-03 | 4,96E-04 | 4,56E-03 | 1,88E-03 | | | |
| <u>%</u> | FW | m ³ | 2,45E-02 | 1,06E-04 | 4,30E-04 | 3,67E-04 | 1,56E-04 | | | |

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary materials; PENRM = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009" *INA Indicator Not Assessed



| End of life - Waste | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|--|
| li li | ndicator | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | | |
| | HWD | kg | 2,96E-03 | 4,76E-05 | 3,21E-03 | 2,13E-04 | 3,00E-02 | | |
| Ī | NHWD | kg | 1,52E-01 | 3,28E-02 | 6,31E-03 | 1,26E-01 | 1,01E-01 | | |
| ₩ | RWD | kg | 4,87E-05 | 5,87E-06 | 8,58E-06 | 3,16E-05 | 0,00E+00 | | |

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009" *INA Indicator Not Assessed

| End of life - Output flow | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|--|--|
| Indicato | r | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | | | |
| ∅ > | CRU | kg | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 2,97E-02 | | | |
| ♦ | MFR | kg | 5,49E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 1,10E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 6,72E-02 | | | |
| DØ | MER | kg | 3,35E-05 | 0,00E+00 | 8,75E-08 | 0,00E+00 | 1,59E-02 | | | |
| 50 | EEE | MJ | 1,64E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 8,41E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 2,94E-03 | | | |
| D | EET | МЈ | 2,48E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 1,27E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 4,45E-02 | | | |

CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported energy electrical; EET = Exported energy thermal

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009" *INA Indicator Not Assessed

| Biogenic Carbon Content | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Unit | At the factory gate | | | | | | | |
| kg C | 0,00E+00 | | | | | | | |
| kg C | 2,41E-02 | | | | | | | |
| | kg C | | | | | | | |

Note: 1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg CO2



Additional requirements

Greenhouse gas emissions from the use of electricity in the manufacturing phase

National production mix from import, low voltage (production of transmission lines, in addition to direct emissions and losses in grid) of applied electricity for the manufacturing process (A3).

| Electricity mix | Source | Amount | Unit |
|---|---------------|--------|--------------|
| Electricity, United Kingdom, Market mix (kWh) | ecoinvent 3.6 | 386,67 | g CO2-eq/kWh |
| Electricity, United Kingdom, Solar (kWh) | ecoinvent 3.6 | 78,98 | g CO2-eq/kWh |

Dangerous substances

The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list.

Indoor environment

Protecta FR Acrylic has been emission tested by Normec Product Testing. Meets the exemplary level criteria for indoor air quality as specified in BREEAM-SE Nybyggnad v6.0.

Properties for item FR Acrylic have been declared in the Nordic Ecolabelling Building Products Portal (generation 3) and Supply Chain Declaration Portal (generation 4).

Additional Environmental Information

| Additional environmental impact indicators required in NPCR Part A for construction products | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|--|
| Indicator | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | | |
| GWPIOBC | kg CO ₂ -eq | 1,66E+00 | 6,17E-02 | 6,15E-02 | 3,29E-01 | 3,54E-02 | | |

GWP-IOBC: Global warming potential calculated according to the principle of instantaneous oxidation. In order to increase the transparency of biogenic carbon contribution to climate impact, the indicator GWP-IOBC is required as it declares climate impacts calculated according to the principle of instantaneous oxidation. GWP-IOBC is also referred to as GWP-GHG in context to Swedish public procurement legislation.



Bibliography

ISO 14025:2010 Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental declarations - Principles and procedures.

ISO 14044:2006 Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines.

EN 15804:2012 + A2:2019 Environmental product declaration - Core rules for the product category of construction products.

ISO 21930:2017 Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works - Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products.

ecoinvent v3, (2019) Allocation, cut-off by classification, Swiss Centre of Life Cycle Inventories.

Iversen et al., (2021) eEPD v2021.09 Background information for EPD generator tool system verification, LCA.no Report number: 07.21 Graafland, J. and Ruttenborg, M. (2023) EPD generator for NPCR009:2021, Part B for Technical - Chemical products (non-cement based products), Background information for EPD generator application and LCA data, LCA.no report number: 12.23.

NPCR Part A: Construction products and services. Ver. 2.0, 24.03.2021 EPD Norway.

NPCR 009 Part B for Technical - Chemical products for building and construction industry, Ver. 3.0, 06.10.2021, EPD Norway.

SPT2023-R074 - VOC Emission Test Report

| | epd-norway | Program operator and publisher | Phone: +47 977 22 020 |
|--|-------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| | | The Norwegian EPD Foundation | e-mail: post@epd-norge.no |
| | Global Program Operator | Post Box 5250 Majorstuen, 0303 Oslo, Norway | web: www.epd-norge.no |
| | Polyseam. | Owner of the declaration: | Phone: +47 33 30 67 00 |
| | | Polyseam AS | e-mail: post.no@polyseam.com |
| | | Ravneveien 7, 3174 Revetal | web: https://www.polyseam.com/ |
| | | Author of the Life Cycle Assessment | Phone: +47 916 50 916 |
| | (LCA) | LCA.no AS | e-mail: post@lca.no |
| | .no | Dokka 6B, 1671 | web: www.lca.no |
| | | Developer of EPD generator | Phone: +47 916 50 916 |
| | (LCA) | LCA.no AS | e-mail: post@lca.no |
| | | Dokka 6B,1671 Kråkerøy | web: www.lca.no |
| | EGO PLATFORM | ECO Platform | web: www.eco-platform.org |
| | VERIFIED | ECO Portal | web: ECO Portal |
| | | | |