



Environmental product declaration

in accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2

MFP





The Norwegian EPD Foundation

Owner of the declaration:

TROX Group

Product:

MFP

Declared unit:

1 pcs

This declaration is based on Product Category Rules:

CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as core

PCR

NPCR 030:2021 Part B for ventilation components

Program operator:

The Norwegian EPD Foundation

Declaration number:

NEPD-8070-7792-EN

Registration number:

NEPD-8070-7792-EN

Issue date: 19.11.2024

Valid to: 19.11.2029

EPD software:

LCAno EPD generator ID: 194192



General information

Product

MFP

Program operator:

The Norwegian EPD Foundation
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Declaration number:

NEPD-8070-7792-EN

This declaration is based on Product Category Rules:

CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as core PCR NPCR 030:2021 Part B for ventilation components

Statement of liability:

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence. EPD Norway shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

Declared unit:

1 pcs MFP

Declared unit with option:

A1-A3,A4,A5,C1,C2,C3,C4,D

Functional unit:

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General information on verification of EPD from EPD tools:

Independent verification of data, other environmental information and the declaration according to ISO 14025:2010, § 8.1.3 and § 8.1.4. Verification of each EPD is made according to EPD-Norway's guidelines for verification and approval requiring that tools are i) integrated into the company's environmental management system, ii) the procedures for use of the EPD tool are approved by EPD-Norway, and iii) the process is reviewed annually by an independent third party verifier. See Appendix G of EPD-Norway's General Programme Instructions for further information on EPD tools

Verification of EPD tool:

Independent third party verification of the EPD tool, background data and test-EPD in accordance with EPDNorway's procedures and guidelines for verification and approval of EPD tools.

Third party verifier:

Alexander Borg, Asplan Viak AS

(no signature required)

Owner of the declaration:

TROX Group Contact person: Alina Buchner

Phone: +49 2845 2020 e-mail: productsustainability-de@troxgroup.com

Manufacturer:

TROX Group

Place of production:

TROX Group Heinrich-Trox-Platz 1 47506 Neukirchen-Vluyn, Germany

Management system:

ISO 9001, ISO 14001:2015, ISO 50001:2018

Organisation no:

DE 120250070

Issue date:

19.11.2024

Valid to:

19.11.2029

Year of study:

2023

Comparability:

EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they not comply with EN 15804 and seen in a building context.

Development and verification of EPD:

The declaration is created using EPD tool lca.tools ver EPD2022.03, developed by LCA.no. The EPD tool is integrated in the company's management system and has been approved by EPD Norway.

Developer of EPD: David Meiering

Reviewer of company-specific input data and EPD: Jule Dallmann

Approved:

Håkon Hauan

Managing Director of EPD-Norway



Product

Product description:

For the most demanding requirements of air cleanliness and sterility.

Prefilters or final filters for the separation of fine dust and suspended particles. Used for industrial, research, medical, pharmaceutical, and nuclear engineering applications.

For more information see:

www.trox.de/en/panel-filter/mfp-96487f59177c7166

Product specification

Mini pleat filter panels MFP for the separation of fine dust and suspended particles such as aerosols, toxic dusts, viruses and bacteria from the supply and extract air in ventilation systems. Used as fine dust filters, prefilters or final filters in AHU units; or as particulate filters, main or final filters for highest requirements of air purity and sterility, in areas such as industry, research, medicine, pharmaceuticals, and nuclear technology. Low installation depth due to compact V-design, for systems with high volume flow rates and long filter service lives. Filter media made of high-quality, wet-strength glass fibre papers, with spacers made of thermoplastic hot-melt adhesive. Ideal pleat position and largest possible filter surface allow low initial differential pressure. Mini-Pleat filter panels available in standard and special sizes, in variable pleat depths, filter groups ISO ePM10, ISO ePM2.5, ISO ePM1 (fine dust filters) and EPA, HEPA, ULPA (particulate filters). Depending on the frame design, Mini Pleat filter panels are fitted as standard without seal, with a flat seal on the upstream side, or with a fluid seal. Versions optionally available with foamed continuous seal on one or both sides, with a test groove seal on the upstream side, or with a protection grid, positioned as required. Mini Pleat filter panels used as fine dust filters are certified by Eurovent. Constructions with a frame made of extruded aluminium sections meet the hygiene requirements of VDI 6022.

This EPD declares the environmental data of the product series MFP. The following represents a representative dataset of the default variant MFP-ePM1 90%-MDF/610x610x60x46/FNU.

Materials	kg	%
Adhesive and sealant	0,12	3,49
Chemical	0,42	12,23
Filter, mineral based	0,46	13,39
Plastic - Polyamide	0,01	0,29
Rubber, synthetic	0,02	0,58
Wood - Medium Density Fibreboard (MDF)	2,02	58,81
Total	3,05	88,79
Packaging	ka	%

Packaging	kg	%
Packaging - Cardboard	0,20	5,82
Packaging - Pallet	0,18	5,24
Packaging - Plastic	0,01	0,15
Total incl. packaging	3,44	11,21

Technical data:

For technical data see:

www.trox.de/en/panel-filter/mfp-96487f59177c7166#technical-information

Market:

Europe.

Reference service life, product

1-10 years.

Reference service life, building or construction works

60 years.

LCA: Calculation rules

Declared unit:

1 pcs MFP

Cut-off criteria:

All major raw materials and all the essential energy is included. The production processes for raw materials and energy flows with very small amounts (less than 1%) are not included. These cut-off criteria do not apply for hazardous materials and substances.

Allocation:



The allocation is made in accordance with the provisions of EN 15804. Energy, water and waste production in-house is allocated equally among all products through mass allocation. Effects of primary production of recycled materials is allocated to the main product in which the material was used. The recycling process and transportation of the material is allocated to this analysis.

Data quality:

Specific data for the product composition are provided by the manufacturer. The data represent the production of the declared product and were collected for EPD development in the year of study. Background data is based on EPDs according to EN 15804 and different LCA databases. The data quality of the raw materials in A1 is presented in the table below.

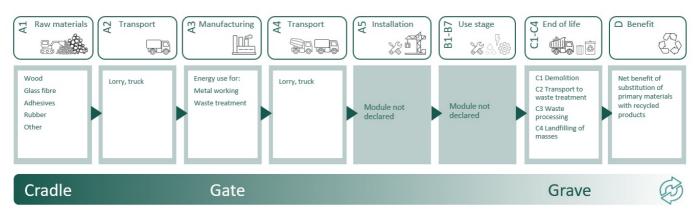
Materials	Source	Data quality	Year
Adhesive and sealant	ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019
Chemical	ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019
Filter, mineral based	Modified ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019
Packaging - Cardboard	ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019
Packaging - Pallet	ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019
Packaging - Plastic	ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019
Plastic - Polyamide	Modified ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019
Rubber, synthetic	ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019
Wood - Medium Density Fibreboard (MDF)	ecoinvent 3.6	Database	2019



System boundaries (X=included, MND=module not declared, MNR=module not relevant)

Р	roduct sta	ge		uction on stage				Use stage					End of life stage			Beyond the system boundaries
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refu <i>r</i> b ishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De- construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery- Recycling-potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	MNR	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	X

System boundary:



Additional technical information:

Filter groups ISO ePM10, ISO ePM1 (fine dust filter) and EPA, HEPA (particulate filter).

Performance data tested according to ISO 16890 or to EN 1822-1 and ISO 29463-2 to ISO 29463-5.

Eurovent certification for fine dust filters.

Meets the hygiene requirements of VDI 6022.

Filter media for special requirements, glass fibre papers with spacers made of thermoplastic hot-melt adhesive.

Low initial differential pressure due to ideal pleat position and largest possible filter area.

Perfect adjustment to individual requirements due to different pleat depths, filter frame made of various materials.

Fitting into ceiling mounted or wall mounted particulate filters (types TFC, TFW, TFM, TFP), ducted particulate filters (types

KSF, KSFS), duct casings for particulate filters (type DCA), or operating theatre ceilings.

Automatic filter scan test for all filters from filter class H14.

Filter lifetime:

Filters should work optimally and efficiently during their entire life cycle. This duration depends on the specific characteristics of the filter as well as the individual operating conditions.

A method for determining this service life is described in standard EN 13053. The service life is reached when the pressure difference of the filter has either increased by 100 Pa to the respective initial pressure drop (initial pressure drop + 100 Pa) or when three times the value of the initial pressure drop has been reached (initial pressure drop \times 3). The rule that occurs first determines the filter change. These values are valid with ePM10, ePM2.5 and ePM1 filters. In combination with Coarse filters the value of 100 Pa is replaced by 50 Pa.

VDI guideline 6022 recommends changing the filter according to its operating time. The first filter stage should be replaced after one year and those in further filter stages after two years at the latest. If DIN 1946 Part 4 is applied, the third filter stage (min. H13) can be in use for up to ten years, depending on the final pressure drop and the manufacturer's specifications.

However, this service life can be shortened, e.g. for hygienic reasons or because of a defect, likewise for energy reasons.



LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information describe the scenarios in the different modules of the EPD.

Transport from production place to user (A4)	Capacity utilisation (incl. return) %	Distance (km)	Fuel/Energy Consumption	Unit	Value (Liter/tonne)
Truck, 16-32 tonnes, EURO 6 (km)	36,7 %	800	0,043	l/tkm	34,40
De-construction demolition (C1)	Unit	Value			
Demolition of building per kg of ventilation product (kg)	kg/DU	3,05			
Transport to waste processing (C2)	Capacity utilisation (incl. return) %	Distance (km)	Fuel/Energy Consumption	Unit	Value (Liter/tonne)
Truck, 16-32 tonnes, EURO 6 (km)	36,7 %	50	0,043	l/tkm	2,15
Waste processing (C3)	Unit	Value			
Waste treatment per kg Plastics, incineration (kg)	kg	0,01			
Waste treatment per kg Wood, incineration with fly ash extraction (kg)	kg	2,02			
Waste treatment per kg Rubber, municipal incineration with fly ash extraction (kg)	kg	0,01			
Waste treatment per kg Hazardous waste, incineration (kg)	kg	0,27			
Disposal (C4)	Unit	Value			
Waste, inert waste, to landfill (kg)	kg	0,46			
Landfilling of ashes from incineration of Rubber, municipal incineration with fly ash extraction (kg)	kg	0,00			
Landfilling of ashes from incineration of Plastics, process per kg ashes and residues (kg)	kg	0,00			
Waste, hazardous waste, to landfill (kg)	kg	0,27			
Landfilling of ashes from incineration per kg Hazardous waste, from incineration (kg)	kg	0,05			
Landfilling of ashes from incineration of Wood, process per kg ashes and residues (kg)	kg	0,03			
Waste, plastic, mixture, to landfill (kg)	kg	0,02			
Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries (D)	Unit	Value			
Substitution of electricity (MJ)	MJ	1,42			
Substitution of thermal energy, district heating (MJ)	МЈ	21,46			



LCA: Results

The LCA results are presented below for the declared unit defined on page 2 of the EPD document.

Enviro	nmental impact									
	Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	GWP-total	kg CO ₂ -eq	3,20E+00	4,50E-01	0	4,02E-03	2,81E-02	4,10E+00	8,71E-02	-1,29E-01
	GWP-fossil	kg CO ₂ -eq	6,76E+00	4,50E-01	0	4,02E-03	2,81E-02	6,66E-01	8,66E-02	-1,24E-01
	GWP-biogenic	kg CO ₂ -eq	-3,56E+00	1,86E-04	0	7,54E-07	1,16E-05	3,43E+00	6,46E-05	-2,57E-04
	GWP-luluc	kg CO ₂ -eq	7,31E-03	1,60E-04	0	3,17E-07	1,00E-05	1,55E-04	5,12E-04	-4,29E-03
(3)	ODP	kg CFC11 -eq	7,47E-07	1,02E-07	0	8,69E-10	6,36E-09	7,08E-08	5,62E-09	-9,06E-03
CET .	AP	mol H+ -eq	3,78E-02	1,29E-03	0	4,21E-05	8,07E-05	1,20E-03	3,53E-04	-1,02E-03
-	EP-FreshWater	kg P -eq	3,48E-04	3,59E-06	0	1,46E-08	2,24E-07	1,48E-05	2,84E-06	-1,11E-05
	EP-Marine	kg N -eq	7,61E-03	2,56E-04	0	1,86E-05	1,60E-05	3,36E-04	8, 19E-05	-3,35E-04
-	EP-Terrestial	mol N -eq	9,07E-02	2,86E-03	0	2,04E-04	1,79E-04	3,68E-03	8,75E-04	-3,62E-03
	POCP	kg NMVOC -eq	2,63E-02	1,10E-03	0	5,60E-05	6,85E-05	9,75E-04	3,69E-04	-9,99E-04
	ADP-minerals&metals ¹	kg Sb-eq	1,54E-04	1,24E-05	0	6,17E-09	7,76E-07	2,20E-06	4,13E-07	-1,24E-06
	ADP-fossil ¹	MJ	1,25E+02	6,80E+00	0	5,54E-02	4,25E-01	2,71E+00	8,56E-01	-1,78E+00
<u>%</u>	WDP ¹	m ³	4,21E+02	6,57E+00	0	1,18E-02	4,11E-01	9,81E+00	3,91E+00	-2,22E+01

GWP-total = Global Warming Potential total; GWP-fossil = Global Warming Potential fossil fuels; GWP-biogenic = Global Warming Potential biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global Warming Potential land use and land use change; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment: EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption

Remarks to environmental impacts

[&]quot;Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009"

^{*}INA Indicator Not Assessed

^{1.} The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator



Addition	Additional environmental impact indicators												
In	dicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D			
	PM	Disease incidence	4,17E-07	2,75E-08	0	1,11E-09	1,72E-09	1,68E-08	6,00E-09	-6,21E-08			
	IRP ²	kgBq U235 -eq	3,52E-01	2,97E-02	0	2,37E-04	1,86E-03	1,18E-02	2,06E-03	-1,14E-02			
	ETP-fw ¹	CTUe	1,58E+02	5,04E+00	0	3,02E-02	3,15E-01	1,27E+01	2,01E+00	-9,68E+00			
40.	HTP-c ¹	CTUh	2,86E-08	0,00E+00	0	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,47E-10	2,77E-10	-1,77E-10			
48	HTP-nc ¹	CTUh	1,42E-07	5,50E-09	0	2,70E-11	3,44E-10	7,04E-09	2,48E-09	-9,28E-09			
	SQP ¹	dimensionless	2,01E+02	4,75E+00	0	7,02E-03	2,97E-01	1,02E+00	2,35E+00	-1,19E+01			

PM = Particulate Matter emissions; IRP = Ionizing radiation – human health; ETP-fw = Eco toxicity – freshwater; HTP-c = Human toxicity – cancer effects; HTP-nc = Human toxicity – non cancer effects; SQP = Potential Soil Quality Index (dimensionless)

[&]quot;Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009" *INA Indicator Not Assessed

^{1.} The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator

^{2.} This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.



Resource use										
lr	ndicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
T.	PERE	MJ	2,07E+01	9,73E-02	0	2,99E-04	6,08E-03	4,60E-01	2,40E-01	-1,10E+01
	PERM	MJ	1,36E+01	0,00E+00	0	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-1,29E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
ĕ F 3	PERT	MJ	3,85E+01	9,73E-02	0	2,99E-04	6,08E-03	-1,25E+01	2,40E-01	-1,10E+01
	PENRE	MJ	1,02E+02	6,80E+00	0	5,54E-02	4,25E-01	2,71E+00	8,57E-01	-1,78E+00
.åg	PENRM	МЈ	2,51E+01	0,00E+00	0	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-2,39E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
IA	PENRT	MJ	1,27E+02	6,80E+00	0	5,54E-02	4,25E-01	-2,12E+01	8,57E-01	-1,78E+00
	SM	kg	7,50E-02	0,00E+00	0	2,72E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,83E-03	0,00E+00
	RSF	МЈ	2,39E-01	3,48E-03	0	7,37E-06	2,18E-04	1,02E-02	8,00E-04	-1,92E-03
	NRSF	МЈ	9,59E-02	1,24E-02	0	1,08E-04	7,78E-04	0,00E+00	6,18E-02	-6,52E-01
(96)	FW	m^3	1,25E-01	7,27E-04	0	2,85E-06	4,54E-05	2,77E-03	6,68E-04	-1,32E-02

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary materials; PENRM = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

[&]quot;Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009" *INA Indicator Not Assessed



End o	f life - Was	ste									
	Inc	dicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
		HWD	kg	2,85E-02	3,51E-04	0	1,63E-06	2,19E-05	0,00E+00	2,91E-01	-8,36E-05
	Û	NHWD	kg	1,13E+00	3,31E-01	0	6,55E-05	2,07E-02	2,70E-01	5,34E-01	-4,20E-02
	8	RWD	kg	3,58E-04	4,63E-05	0	3,84E-07	2,89E-06	0,00E+00	8,56E-08	-9,31E-06

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009" *INA Indicator Not Assessed

End of life - Outp	ut flow									
Indic	ator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
6	CRU	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
&>	MFR	kg	1,82E-02	0,00E+00	0	2,67E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,35E-06	0,00E+00
DF	MER	kg	6,37E-02	0,00E+00	0	8,28E-08	0,00E+00	2,30E+00	3,29E-08	0,00E+00
50	EEE	MJ	3,81E-02	0,00E+00	0	2,84E-07	0,00E+00	1,42E+00	2,13E-06	0,00E+00
D.	EET	MJ	5,77E-01	0,00E+00	0	4,29E-06	0,00E+00	2,15E+01	3,23E-05	0,00E+00

CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported energy electrical; EET = Exported energy thermal

"Reading example: 9,0 E-03 = 9,0*10-3 = 0,009" *INA Indicator Not Assessed

Biogenic Carbon Content										
Unit	At the factory gate									
kg C	9,82E-01									
kg C	0,00E+00									
	kg C									

Note: 1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg CO2



Additional requirements

Greenhouse gas emissions from the use of electricity in the manufacturing phase

National production mix from import, low voltage (production of transmission lines, in addition to direct emissions and losses in grid) of applied electricity for the manufacturing process (A3).

Electricity mix	Source	Amount	Unit
Electricity, Czech Republic (kWh)	ecoinvent 3.6	942,91	g CO2-eq/kWh

Dangerous substances

The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list.

Indoor environment

Additional Environmental Information

Additional environmental impact indicators required in NPCR Part A for construction products									
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWPIOBC	kg CO ₂ -eq	6,77E+00	4,50E-01	0	4,02E-03	2,81E-02	6,68E-01	8,72E-02	-1,27E-01

GWP-IOBC: Global warming potential calculated according to the principle of instantaneous oxidation. In order to increase the transparency of biogenic carbon contribution to climate impact, the indicator GWP-IOBC is required as it declares climate impacts calculated according to the principle of instantaneous oxidation. GWP-IOBC is also referred to as GWP-GHG in context to Swedish public procurement legislation.



Bibliography

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EN ISO 9001:2015 - Quality management systems.

EN ISO 14001:2015 - Environmental management systems.

EN ISO 50001:2018 - Energy management systems.

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EPD	ECO Portal	web: ECO Portal
VERIFIED		